

(Draft) Resolutions of the Human Rights Assembly

Sub-Room 5: Gender Diversity Issues

Resolutions to push for amendments improve the law, policies and public communications to eliminate prejudice, and build acceptance of diversity, including so that everyone has access to their rights receive fair treatment, equality and respect for human dignity.

The participants of the 1st Human Rights Assembly, Sub-Room 5, a member of the LGBTQ Community Network, discussed the situation and challenges in the issue of LGBT rights together. There are proposals and operational guidelines to drive and drive policies for everyone to have access to the right to fair treatment, equality, and respect for human dignity with the National Human Rights Commission as follows:

1. Opening spaces for everyone to build cooperation in advancing the rights of gender diversity

National Human Rights Commission network partners and LGBTQ communities will join together to expand the area and the issue of gender diversity to be more comprehensive both working with government agencies, educational institutions, religious leaders of all religions, business sector, as well as working with network partners both inside and outside the country. Working with special areas, including groups of people with differing opinions, beliefs, or people in neglected areas by creating a safe space for commenting and the movement of gender diversity issues that takes into account the specific issues of individuals with gender identity sexual satisfaction gender expression sexual attributes and overlapping identities such as disability, ethnicity, religion, children, and youth, etc. by the National Human Rights Commission, network partners, and the LGBT community will operate as a network participate in activities to build awareness and understanding of gender diversity and encourage positive critique to understand the root causes of discrimination issues, the problem of human rights violations, and violence against LGBT people.

2. Creating a process of participation of LGBT communities National Human Rights Commission network partners and LGBT communities will jointly build and support the process of cooperation of network organizations both domestically and internationally to be strengthened in driving human rights work by allowing network partners and the LGBT community as the subject matter to play an important role in expressing opinions and support the work of the National Human Rights Commission through an action plan that is analyzed from the status of each issue pushing process and drive together strategically both to defend, protect, promote, and jointly produce recommendations for remedies when human rights are violated. Therefore, The National Human Rights Commission network partners and LGBT communities will work to empower LGBT people with space to discuss their problems, needs, and life situations. In addition, encourages government agencies, educational institutions, religious leaders of all religions, the business sector, and related parties to listen to the LGBT community with intention, non-judgment, and respect for true diversity.

3. Push corrections to improve law and policy National Human Rights Commission network partners and the LGBT community will join together to support the creation of knowledge and understanding of the law relating to LGBT people amendments to the law or creating a law to protect the rights of LGBT which includes female and male. In addition to the National Human Rights Commission monitoring and inspections when human rights are violated because of gender National Human Rights Commission network partners and the LGBT community push for the law and important policies in the interest of people in the LGBT community namely; *Equal Marriage Act and the Gender Identity Recognition Act gender expression and sexual features*. Moreover, the National Human Rights Commission network partners and LGBT communities will work together to develop recommendations and push for other policies namely; gender diversity education courses, rules in educational institutions that understand and child friendly and youths with gender diversity, dealing with public spaces that are safe for people of all genders, including the law and policies related to holistic health services for LGBT people and specific health issues, such as access to PREP/PEP services, access to treatment for people living with HIV, receiving transgender-related health benefits for transgender people and access to friendly mental health services; etc.

4. Public communication to eliminate bias and build acceptance of diversity

National Human Rights Commission Network partners and LGBT communities will work together to push for the creation of knowledge and understanding on the dimension of diversity for government agencies, educational institutions, and religious leaders of all religions, businesses, and the general public by public communication and campaigning will be provided to eliminate prejudice and build acceptance public media will have a variety of formats suitable for LGBT people of different ages and areas, such as the development of public media through social media. Therefore, The National Human Rights Commission Network partners and LGBT communities will work together to monitor stigmatized public media, reduce human dignity, and create negative images of LGBT people.

Network partners and LGBT communities recognize, as well as the Human Rights Commission, that *“Human rights are a matter of everyone in society to cooperate in promoting Prevent and fix problems to lead Thai society to respect for human rights and coexistence with respect for differences and believe it in human dignity.”*